Senator .... moves to amend S.F. No. 4158 as follows:

Delete everything after the enacting clause and insert:

"ARTICLE 1
HOUSING APPROPRIATIONS

Section 1. **APPROPRIATIONS.**

The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the agencies and for the purposes specified in this article. The appropriations are from the general fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each purpose. The figures "2024" and "2025" used in this article mean that the appropriations listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, or June 30, 2025, respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2024. "The second year" is fiscal year 2025. "The biennium" is fiscal years 2024 and 2025.

	APPROPRIATIONS Available for the Year Ending June 30	
	2024	**2025**
Sec. 2. **HOUSING FINANCE AGENCY**		
Subdivision 1. **Total Appropriation**	**$ -0-**	**$ 63,025,000**
(a) The amounts that may be spent for each purpose are specified in the following subdivisions.		
(b) Unless otherwise specified, this appropriation is for transfer to the housing development fund for the programs specified in this section.		
Subd. 2. **Family Homeless Prevention**	-0-	8,804,000
This appropriation is for the family homeless prevention and assistance program under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.204. Notwithstanding procurement provisions outlined in Minnesota Statutes, section 16C.06, subdivisions 1, 2, and 6, the agency may award grants to existing program grantees. This is a onetime appropriation.		

Subd. 3. **Minnesota Homeless Study**	-0-	500,000
This appropriation is for a grant to the Amherst H. Wilder Foundation for the Minnesota homeless study. This is a onetime appropriation.		
Subd. 4. **Wilder Park Association Capital Repair Project**	-0-	3,250,000
This appropriation is for a grant to the Wilder Park Association to assist with the cost of a major capital repair project for the rehabilitation of portions of the owner-occupied senior high-rise facility. This is a onetime appropriation.		
Subd. 5. **Housing Affordability Preservation Investment**	-0-	50,000,000
This appropriation is for the housing affordability preservation investment program under article 2, section 25. This is a onetime appropriation.		
Subd. 6. **Expediting Rental Assistance**	-0-	471,000
This appropriation is for the agency's work under article 3 of this act. This is a onetime appropriation.		
Sec. 3. **DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND INDUSTRY**	$ -0-	$ **225,000**
This appropriation is for the single-exit stairway apartment building report under article 2, section 27. This is a onetime appropriation.		

Sec. 4. Laws 2023, chapter 37, article 1, section 2, subdivision 17, is amended to read:

Subd. 17. **Housing Infrastructure**	100,000,000	~~100,000,000~~ 60,000,000

This appropriation is for the housing infrastructure program for the eligible purposes under Minnesota Statutes, section 462A.37, subdivision 2. This is a onetime appropriation.

Sec. 5. Laws 2023, chapter 37, article 1, section 2, subdivision 25, is amended to read:

Subd. 25. **Manufactured Home Lending ~~Grants~~ Program**	10,000,000	-0-

(a) This appropriation is for ~~the~~ a grant to NeighborWorks Home Partners for a manufactured home lending ~~grant~~ program. This is a onetime appropriation.

(b) The funds must be used for new manufactured home financing programs; manufactured home down payment assistance; or manufactured home repair, renovation, removal, and site preparation financing programs.

(c) Interest earned and repayments of principal from loans issued under this subdivision must be used for the purposes of this subdivision.

(d) For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "manufactured home" has the meaning given in Minnesota Statutes, section 327B.01, subdivision 13.

Sec. 6. Laws 2023, chapter 37, article 1, section 2, subdivision 29, is amended to read:

Subd. 29. **Community Stabilization**	45,000,000	~~45,000,000~~ 31,750,000

This appropriation is for the community stabilization program. This a onetime appropriation. Of this amount, $10,000,000 is for a grant to AEON for Huntington Place.

ARTICLE 2
HOUSING POLICY

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.02, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

Subd. 10. **Energy ~~conservation~~ decarbonization and climate resilience.** It is further declared that supplies of conventional energy resources are rapidly depleting in quantity and rising in price and that the burden of these occurrences falls heavily upon the citizens of Minnesota generally and persons of low and moderate income in particular. These conditions are adverse to the health, welfare, and safety of all of the citizens of this state. It is further declared that it is a public purpose to ensure the availability of financing to be used by all citizens of the state, while giving preference to low and moderate income people, to assist in the installation in their dwellings of reasonably priced energy conserving systems including the use of alternative energy resources and equipment so that by the improvement of the energy efficiency ~~of~~, clean energy, greenhouse gas emissions reduction, climate resiliency, and other qualified projects for all housing, the adequacy of the total energy supply may be preserved for the benefit of all citizens.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.05, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

Subd. 14. **Rehabilitation loans.** It may agree to purchase, make, or otherwise participate in the making, and may enter into commitments for the purchase, making, or participation in the making, of eligible loans for rehabilitation, with terms and conditions as the agency deems advisable, to persons and families of low and moderate income, and to owners of existing residential housing for occupancy by such persons and families, for the rehabilitation of existing residential housing owned by them. Rehabilitation may include the addition or rehabilitation of a detached accessory dwelling unit. The loans may be insured or uninsured and may be made with security, or may be unsecured, as the agency deems advisable. The loans may be in addition to or in combination with long-term eligible mortgage loans under subdivision 3. They may be made in amounts sufficient to refinance existing indebtedness secured by the property, if refinancing is determined by the agency to be necessary to permit the owner to meet the owner's housing cost without expending an unreasonable portion of the owner's income thereon. No loan for rehabilitation shall be made unless the agency determines that the loan will be used primarily to make the housing more desirable to live in, to increase the market value of the housing, for compliance with state, county or municipal building, housing maintenance, fire, health or similar codes and standards applicable to housing, or to accomplish energy ~~conservation related improvements~~ decarbonization, climate resiliency, and other qualified projects. In unincorporated areas and municipalities not having codes and standards, the agency may, solely for the purpose of administering the provisions of this chapter, establish codes and standards. No loan under this subdivision for the rehabilitation of owner-occupied housing shall be denied solely because the loan will not be used for placing the owner-occupied residential housing in full compliance with all state, county, or municipal building, housing maintenance, fire, health, or similar codes and standards applicable to housing. Rehabilitation loans shall be made only when the agency determines that financing is not otherwise available, in whole or in part, from private lenders upon equivalent terms and conditions. Accessibility rehabilitation loans authorized under this subdivision may be made to eligible persons and families without limitations relating to the maximum incomes of the borrowers if:

(1) the borrower or a member of the borrower's family requires a level of care provided in a hospital, skilled nursing facility, or intermediate care facility for persons with developmental disabilities;

(2) home care is appropriate; and

(3) the improvement will enable the borrower or a member of the borrower's family to reside in the housing.

The agency may waive any requirement that the housing units in a residential housing development be rented to persons of low and moderate income if the development consists of four or fewer dwelling units, one of which is occupied by the owner.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 14a, is amended to read:

Subd. 14a. **Rehabilitation loans; existing owner-occupied residential housing.** It may make loans to persons and families of low and moderate income to rehabilitate or to assist in rehabilitating existing residential housing owned and occupied by those persons or families. Rehabilitation may include replacement of manufactured homes. No loan shall be made unless the agency determines that the loan will be used primarily for rehabilitation work necessary for health or safety, essential accessibility improvements, or to improve the energy efficiency ~~of~~, clean energy, greenhouse gas emissions reductions, climate resiliency, and other qualified projects in the dwelling. No loan for rehabilitation of owner-occupied residential housing shall be denied solely because the loan will not be used for placing the residential housing in full compliance with all state, county or municipal building, housing maintenance, fire, health or similar codes and standards applicable to housing. The amount of any loan shall not exceed the lesser of (a) a maximum loan amount determined under rules adopted by the agency not to exceed $37,500, or (b) the actual cost of the work performed, or (c) that portion of the cost of rehabilitation which the agency determines cannot otherwise be paid by the person or family without the expenditure of an unreasonable portion of the income of the person or family. Loans made in whole or in part with federal funds may exceed the maximum loan amount to the extent necessary to comply with federal lead abatement requirements prescribed by the funding source. In making loans, the agency shall determine the circumstances under which and the terms and conditions under which all or any portion of the loan will be repaid and shall determine the appropriate security for the repayment of the loan. Loans pursuant to this subdivision may be made with or without interest or periodic payments.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 14b, is amended to read:

Subd. 14b. **Energy ~~conservation~~ decarbonization and climate resiliency loans.** It may agree to purchase, make, or otherwise participate in the making, and may enter into commitments for the purchase, making, or participating in the making, of loans to persons and families, without limitations relating to the maximum incomes of the borrowers, to assist in energy ~~conservation rehabilitation measures~~ decarbonization, climate resiliency, and other qualified projects for existing housing owned by those persons or families including, but not limited to: weatherstripping and caulking; chimney construction or improvement; furnace or space heater repair, cleaning or replacement; central air conditioner installation, repair, maintenance, or replacement; air source or geothermal heat pump installation, repair, maintenance, or replacement; insulation; windows and doors; and structural or other directly related repairs or installations essential for energy ~~conservation~~ decarbonization, climate resiliency, and other qualified projects. Loans shall be made only when the agency determines that financing is not otherwise available, in whole or in part, from private lenders upon equivalent terms and conditions. Loans under this subdivision or subdivision 14 may:

(1) be integrated with a utility's on-bill repayment program approved under section 216B.241, subdivision 5d; and

(2) also be made for the installation of on-site solar energy or energy storage systems.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. **Rehabilitation grants.** (a) It may make grants to persons and families of low and moderate income to pay or to assist in paying a loan made pursuant to subdivision 14, or to rehabilitate or to assist in rehabilitating existing residential housing owned or occupied by such persons or families. For the purposes of this section, persons of low and moderate income include administrators appointed pursuant to section 504B.425, paragraph (d). No grant shall be made unless the agency determines that the grant will be used primarily to make the housing more desirable to live in, to increase the market value of the housing or for compliance with state, county or municipal building, housing maintenance, fire, health or similar codes and standards applicable to housing, or to accomplish energy ~~conservation related improvements~~ decarbonization, climate resiliency, or other qualified projects. In unincorporated areas and municipalities not having codes and standards, the agency may, solely for the purpose of administering this provision, establish codes and standards. No grant for rehabilitation of owner occupied residential housing shall be denied solely because the grant will not be used for placing the residential housing in full compliance with all state, county or municipal building, housing maintenance, fire, health or similar codes and standards applicable to housing. The amount of any grant shall not exceed the lesser of (a) $6,000, or (b) the actual cost of the work performed, or (c) that portion of the cost of rehabilitation which the agency determines cannot otherwise be paid by the person or family without spending an unreasonable portion of the income of the person or family thereon. In making grants, the agency shall determine the circumstances under which and the terms and conditions under which all or any portion thereof will be repaid and shall determine the appropriate security should repayment be required.

(b) The agency may also make grants to rehabilitate or to assist in rehabilitating housing under this subdivision to persons of low and moderate income for the purpose of qualifying as foster parents.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 15b, is amended to read:

Subd. 15b. **Energy ~~conservation~~ decarbonization and climate resiliency grants.** (a) It may make grants to assist in energy ~~conservation rehabilitation measures~~ decarbonization, climate resiliency, and other qualified projects for existing owner occupied housing including, but not limited to: insulation, storm windows and doors, furnace or space heater repair, cleaning or replacement, chimney construction or improvement, weatherstripping and caulking, ~~and~~ structural or other directly related repairs, or installations essential for energy ~~conservation~~ decarbonization, climate resiliency, and other qualified projects. The grant to any household shall not exceed $2,000.

(b) To be eligible for an emergency energy ~~conservation~~ decarbonization and climate resiliency grant, a household must be certified as eligible to receive emergency residential heating assistance under either the federal or the state program, and either (1) have had a heating cost for the preceding heating season that exceeded 120 percent of the regional average for the preceding heating season for that energy source as determined by the commissioner of employment and economic development, or (2) be eligible to receive a federal energy conservation grant, but be precluded from receiving the grant because of a need for directly related repairs that cannot be paid for under the federal program. The Housing Finance Agency shall make a reasonable effort to determine whether other state or federal loan and grant programs are available and adequate to finance the intended improvements. An emergency energy conservation grant may be made in conjunction with grants or loans from other state or federal programs that finance other needed rehabilitation work. The receipt of a grant pursuant to this section shall not affect the applicant's eligibility for other Housing Finance Agency loan or grant programs.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 21, is amended to read:

Subd. 21. **Rental property loans.** The agency may make or purchase loans to owners of rental property that is occupied or intended for occupancy primarily by low- and moderate-income tenants and which does not comply with the standards established in section 326B.106, subdivision 1, for the purpose of energy ~~improvements~~ decarbonization, climate resiliency, and other qualified projects necessary to bring the property into full or partial compliance with these standards. For property which meets the other requirements of this subdivision, a loan may also be used for moderate rehabilitation of the property. The authority granted in this subdivision is in addition to and not in limitation of any other authority granted to the agency in this chapter. The limitations on eligible mortgagors contained in section 462A.03, subdivision 13, do not apply to loans under this subdivision. Loans for the improvement of rental property pursuant to this subdivision may contain provisions that repayment is not required in whole or in part subject to terms and conditions determined by the agency to be necessary and desirable to encourage owners to maximize rehabilitation of properties.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.05, subdivision 23, is amended to read:

Subd. 23. **Insuring financial institution loans.** The agency may participate in loans or establish a fund to insure loans, or portions of loans, that are made by any banking institution, savings association, or other lender approved by the agency, organized under the laws of this or any other state or of the United States having an office in this state, to owners of renter-occupied homes or apartments that do not comply with standards set forth in section 326B.106, subdivision 1, without limitations relating to the maximum incomes of the owners or tenants. The proceeds of the insured portion of the loan must be used to pay the costs of improvements, including all related structural and other improvements, that will reduce energy consumption, that will decarbonize, and that will ensure the climate resiliency of housing.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.05, subdivision 45, is amended to read:

Subd. 45. **Indian Tribes.** Notwithstanding any other provision in this chapter, at its discretion the agency may make any federally recognized Indian Tribe in Minnesota, or their associated Tribally Designated Housing Entity (TDHE) as defined by United States Code, title 25, section 4103(22), eligible for agency funding ~~authorized under this chapter~~.

Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.07, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 19. **Eligibility for agency programs.** The agency may determine that a household or project unit meets the rent or income requirements for a program if the household or unit receives or participates in income-based state or federal public assistance benefits, including but not limited to:

(1) child care assistance programs under chapter 119B;

(2) general assistance, Minnesota supplemental aid, or food support under chapter 256D;

(3) housing support under chapter 256I;

(4) Minnesota family investment program and diversionary work program under chapter 256J; and

(5) economic assistance programs under chapter 256P.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.21, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. **Energy efficiency loans.** The agency may make loans to low and moderate income persons who own existing residential housing for the purpose of improving the ~~efficient~~ energy ~~utilization~~ decarbonization and climate resiliency of the housing. Permitted improvements shall include installation or upgrading of ceiling, wall, floor and duct insulation, storm windows and doors, and caulking and weatherstripping. The improvements shall not be inconsistent with the energy standards as promulgated as part of the State Building Code; provided that the improvements need not bring the housing into full compliance with the energy standards. Any loan for such purpose shall be made only upon determination by the agency that such loan is not otherwise available, wholly or in part, from private lenders upon equivalent terms and conditions. The agency may promulgate rules as necessary to implement and make specific the provisions of this subdivision. The rules shall be designed to permit the state, to the extent not inconsistent with this chapter, to seek federal grants or loans for energy ~~purposes~~ decarbonization, climate resiliency, and other qualified projects.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.22, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Debt ceiling.** The aggregate principal amount of general obligation bonds and notes which are outstanding at any time, excluding the principal amount of any bonds and notes refunded by the issuance of new bonds or notes, shall not exceed the sum of ~~$5,000,000,000~~ $7,000,000,000.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.35, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Expending funds.** The agency may expend the money in the Minnesota manufactured home relocation trust fund to the extent necessary to carry out the objectives of section 327C.095, subdivision 13, by making payments to manufactured home owners, or other parties approved by the third-party neutral, under subdivision 13, paragraphs (a) and (e), and to pay the costs of administering the fund. Money in the fund is appropriated to the agency for these purposes and to the commissioner of ~~management and budget~~ the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency to pay costs incurred by the commissioner of ~~management and budget~~ the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency to administer the fund.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Authorization.** (a) The agency may issue up to $30,000,000 in aggregate principal amount of housing infrastructure bonds in one or more series to which the payment made under this section may be pledged. The housing infrastructure bonds authorized in this subdivision may be issued to fund loans, or grants for the purposes of clauses (4) and (7), on terms and conditions the agency deems appropriate, made for one or more of the following purposes:

(1) to finance the costs of the construction, acquisition, and rehabilitation of supportive housing for individuals and families who are without a permanent residence;

(2) to finance the costs of the acquisition and rehabilitation of foreclosed or abandoned housing to be used for affordable rental housing and the costs of new construction of rental

housing on abandoned or foreclosed property where the existing structures will be demolished or removed;

(3) to finance that portion of the costs of acquisition of property that is attributable to the land to be leased by community land trusts to low- and moderate-income home buyers;

(4) to finance the acquisition, improvement, and infrastructure of manufactured home parks under section 462A.2035, subdivision 1b;

(5) to finance the costs of acquisition, rehabilitation, adaptive reuse, or new construction of senior housing;

(6) to finance the costs of acquisition, rehabilitation, and replacement of federally assisted rental housing and for the refinancing of costs of the construction, acquisition, and rehabilitation of federally assisted rental housing, including providing funds to refund, in whole or in part, outstanding bonds previously issued by the agency or another government unit to finance or refinance such costs;

(7) to finance the costs of acquisition, rehabilitation, adaptive reuse, or new construction of single-family housing; and

(8) to finance the costs of construction, acquisition, and rehabilitation of permanent housing that is affordable to households with incomes at or below 50 percent of the area median income for the applicable county or metropolitan area as published by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, as adjusted for household size.

(b) Among comparable proposals for permanent supportive housing, preference shall be given to permanent supportive housing for veterans and other individuals or families who:

(1) either have been without a permanent residence for at least 12 months or at least four times in the last three years; or

(2) are at significant risk of lacking a permanent residence for 12 months or at least four times in the last three years.

(c) Among comparable proposals for senior housing, the agency must give priority to requests for projects that:

(1) demonstrate a commitment to maintaining the housing financed as affordable to senior households;

(2) leverage other sources of funding to finance the project, including the use of low-income housing tax credits;

(3) provide access to services to residents and demonstrate the ability to increase physical supports and support services as residents age and experience increasing levels of disability; and

(4) include households with incomes that do not exceed 30 percent of the median household income for the metropolitan area.

(d) To the extent practicable, the agency shall balance the loans made between projects in the metropolitan area and projects outside the metropolitan area. Of the loans made to projects outside the metropolitan area, the agency shall, to the extent practicable, balance the loans made between projects in counties or cities with a population of 20,000 or less, as established by the most recent decennial census, and projects in counties or cities with populations in excess of 20,000.

(e) Among comparable proposals for permanent housing, the agency must give preference to projects that will provide housing that is affordable to households at or below 30 percent of the area median income.

(f) If a loan recipient uses the loan for new construction or substantial rehabilitation as defined by the agency on a building containing more than four units, the loan recipient must construct, convert, or otherwise adapt the building to include:

(1) the greater of: (i) at least one unit; or (ii) at least five percent of units that are accessible units, as defined by section 1002 of the current State Building Code Accessibility Provisions for Dwelling Units in Minnesota, and include at least one roll-in shower in at least one accessible unit as defined by section 1002 of the current State Building Code Accessibility Provisions for Dwelling Units in Minnesota; and

(2) the greater of: (i) at least one unit; or (ii) at least five percent of units that are sensory-accessible units that include:

(A) soundproofing between shared walls for first and second floor units;

(B) no florescent lighting in units and common areas;

(C) low-fume paint;

(D) low-chemical carpet; and

(E) low-chemical carpet glue in units and common areas.

Nothing in this paragraph relieves a project funded by the agency from meeting other applicable accessibility requirements.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.37, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 2j. **Additional authorization.** In addition to the amount authorized in subdivisions 2 to 2i, the agency may issue up to $50,000,000 in one or more series to which the payments under this section may be pledged.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.37, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Additional appropriation.** (a) The agency must certify annually to the commissioner of management and budget the actual amount of annual debt service on each series of bonds issued under this section.

(b) Each July 15, beginning in 2015 and through 2037, if any housing infrastructure bonds issued under subdivision 2a, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, the amount certified under paragraph (a), not to exceed $6,400,000 annually. The amounts necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.

(c) Each July 15, beginning in 2017 and through 2038, if any housing infrastructure bonds issued under subdivision 2b, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, the amount certified under paragraph (a), not to exceed $800,000 annually. The amounts necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.

(d) Each July 15, beginning in 2019 and through 2040, if any housing infrastructure bonds issued under subdivision 2c, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, the amount certified under paragraph (a), not to exceed $2,800,000 annually. The amounts necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.

(e) Each July 15, beginning in 2020 and through 2041, if any housing infrastructure bonds issued under subdivision 2d, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, the amount certified under paragraph (a). The amounts necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.

(f) Each July 15, beginning in 2020 and through 2041, if any housing infrastructure bonds issued under subdivision 2e, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, the amount certified under paragraph (a). The amounts necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.

(g) Each July 15, beginning in 2022 and through 2043, if any housing infrastructure bonds issued under subdivision 2f, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, the amount certified under paragraph (a). The amounts necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.

(h) Each July 15, beginning in 2022 and through 2043, if any housing infrastructure bonds issued under subdivision 2g, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, the amount certified under paragraph (a). The amounts necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.

(i) Each July 15, beginning in 2023 and through 2044, if any housing infrastructure bonds issued under subdivision 2h, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, the amount certified under paragraph (a). The amounts necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.

(j) Each July 15, beginning in 2025 and through 2046, if any housing infrastructure bonds issued under subdivision 2j, or housing infrastructure bonds issued to refund those bonds, remain outstanding, the commissioner of management and budget must transfer to the housing infrastructure bond account established under section 462A.21, subdivision 33, the amount certified under paragraph (a). The amounts necessary to make the transfers are appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of management and budget.

~~(j)~~ (k) The agency may pledge to the payment of the housing infrastructure bonds the payments to be made by the state under this section.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.39, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

(b) "Eligible project area" means a home rule charter or statutory city located outside of a metropolitan county as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 4~~, with a population exceeding 500; a community that has a combined population of 1,500 residents located within 15 miles of a home rule charter or statutory city located outside a metropolitan county as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 4~~; federally recognized Tribal reservations; or an area served by a joint county-city economic development authority.

(c) "Joint county-city economic development authority" means an economic development authority formed under Laws 1988, chapter 516, section 1, as a joint partnership between a city and county and excluding those established by the county only.

(d) "Market rate residential rental properties" means properties that are rented at market value, including new modular homes, new manufactured homes, and new manufactured homes on leased land or in a manufactured home park, and may include rental developments that have a portion of income-restricted units.

(e) "Qualified expenditure" means expenditures for market rate residential rental properties including acquisition of property; construction of improvements; and provisions of loans or subsidies, grants, interest rate subsidies, public infrastructure, and related financing costs.

Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2023 Supplement, section 462A.395, is amended to read:

462A.395 GREATER MINNESOTA HOUSING INFRASTRUCTURE GRANT PROGRAM.

Subdivision 1. **Grant program established.** The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency may make grants to counties and cities to provide up to 50 percent of the capital costs of public infrastructure necessary for an eligible workforce housing development project. The commissioner may make a grant award only after determining that nonstate resources are committed to complete the project. The nonstate contribution may be cash, other committed grant funds, or in kind. In-kind contributions may include the value of the site, whether the site is prepared before or after the law appropriating money for the grant is enacted.

Subd. 2. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms have the meanings given.

(b) "City" means a statutory or home rule charter city located outside the metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2.

(c) "Housing infrastructure" means publicly owned physical infrastructure necessary to support housing development projects, including but not limited to sewers, water supply systems, utility extensions, streets, wastewater treatment systems, stormwater management systems, and facilities for pretreatment of wastewater to remove phosphorus.

Subd. 3. **Eligible projects.** Housing projects eligible for a grant under this section may be a single-family or multifamily housing development, and either owner-occupied or rental. Housing projects eligible for a grant under this section may also be a manufactured home development qualifying for homestead treatment under section 273.124, subdivision 3a.

Subd. 4. **Application.** (a) The commissioner must develop forms and procedures for soliciting and reviewing applications for grants under this section. At a minimum, a city or county must include in its application a resolution of the county board or city council certifying that the required nonstate match is available. The commissioner must evaluate complete applications for funding for eligible projects to determine that:

(1) the project is necessary to increase sites available for housing development that will provide adequate housing stock for the current or future workforce; and

(2) the increase in workforce housing will result in substantial public and private capital investment in the county or city in which the project would be located.

(b) The determination of whether to make a grant for a site is within the discretion of the commissioner, subject to this section. The commissioner's decisions and application of the criteria are not subject to judicial review, except for abuse of discretion.

Subd. 5. **Maximum grant amount.** A county or city may receive no more than ~~$30,000~~ $40,000 per lot for single-family, duplex, triplex, or fourplex housing developed, no more than $60,000 per manufactured housing lot, and no more than $180,000 per lot for multifamily housing with more than four units per building. A county or city may receive no more than $500,000 in two years for one or more housing developments. The $500,000 limitation does not apply to use on manufactured housing developments.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.40, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Use of funds; grant and loan program.** (a) The agency may award grants and loans to be used for multifamily and single family developments for persons and families of low and moderate income. Allowable use of the funds include: gap financing, as defined in section 462A.33, subdivision 1; new construction; acquisition; rehabilitation; demolition or removal of existing structures; construction financing; permanent financing; interest rate reduction; and refinancing.

(b) The agency may give preference for grants and loans to comparable proposals that include regulatory changes or waivers that result in identifiable cost avoidance or cost reductions, including but not limited to increased density, flexibility in site development standards, or zoning code requirements.

~~(c) The agency shall separately set aside:~~

~~(1) at least ten percent of the financing under this section for housing units located in a township or city with a population of 2,500 or less that is located outside the metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2;~~

~~(2) at least 35 percent of the financing under this section for housing for persons and families whose income is 50 percent or less of the area median income for the applicable county or metropolitan area as published by the Department of Housing and Urban Development, as adjusted for household size; and~~

~~(3) at least 25 percent of the financing under this section for single-family housing.~~

~~(d) If by September 1 of each year the agency does not receive requests to use all of the amounts set aside under paragraph (c), the agency may use any remaining financing for other projects eligible under this section.~~

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 462A.40, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. **Eligible recipients; definitions; restrictions; use of funds.** (a) The agency may award <u>a grant or</u> a loan to any recipient that qualifies under subdivision 2. The agency must not award a grant <u>or a loan</u> to a disqualified individual or disqualified business.

(b) For the purposes of this subdivision disqualified individual means ~~an individual who~~:

(1) <u>an individual who or an individual whose immediate family member</u> made a contribution to the account in the current or prior taxable year and received a credit certificate;

(2) <u>an individual who or an individual whose immediate family member</u> owns the housing for which the grant or loan will be used ~~and is using that housing as their domicile~~;

(3) an individual who meets the following criteria:

(i) the individual is an officer or principal of a business entity; and

(ii) that business entity made a contribution to the account in the current or previous taxable year and received a credit certificate; or

(4) an individual who meets the following criteria:

(i) the individual directly owns, controls, or holds the power to vote 20 percent or more of the outstanding securities of a business entity; and

(ii) that business entity made a contribution to the account in the current or previous taxable year and received a credit certificate.

(c) For the purposes of this subdivision disqualified business means a business entity that:

(1) made a contribution to the account in the current or prior taxable year and received a credit certificate;

(2) has an officer or principal who is an individual who made a contribution to the account in the current or previous taxable year and received a credit certificate; or

(3) meets the following criteria:

(i) the business entity is directly owned, controlled, or is subject to the power to vote 20 percent or more of the outstanding securities by an individual or business entity; and

(ii) that controlling individual or business entity made a contribution to the account in the current or previous taxable year and received a credit certificate.

(d) ~~The disqualifications in paragraphs (b) and (c) apply if the taxpayer would be disqualified either individually or in combination with one or more members of the taxpayer's family, as defined in the Internal Revenue Code, section 267(c)(4).~~ For purposes of this subdivision, "immediate family" means the taxpayer's spouse, parent or parent's spouse, sibling or sibling's spouse, or child or child's spouse. For a married couple filing a joint return, the limitations in this ~~paragraph~~ subdivision apply collectively to the taxpayer and spouse. ~~For purposes of determining the ownership interest of a taxpayer under paragraph (a), clause (4), the rules under sections 267(c) and 267(e) of the Internal Revenue Code apply.~~

(e) Before applying for a grant or loan, all recipients must sign a disclosure that the disqualifications under this subdivision do not apply. The Minnesota Housing Finance

Agency must prescribe the form of the disclosure. The Minnesota Housing Finance Agency may rely on the disclosure to determine the eligibility of recipients under paragraph (a).

(f) The agency may award grants or loans to a city as defined in section 462A.03, subdivision 21; a federally recognized American Indian tribe or subdivision located in Minnesota; a tribal housing corporation; a private developer; a nonprofit organization; a housing and redevelopment authority under sections 469.001 to 469.047; a public housing authority or agency authorized by law to exercise any of the powers granted by sections 469.001 to 469.047; or the owner of the housing. The provisions of subdivision 2, and paragraphs (a) to (e) and (g) of this subdivision, regarding the use of funds and eligible recipients apply to grants and loans awarded under this paragraph.

(g) ~~Except for the set-aside provided in subdivision 2, paragraph (d),~~ Eligible recipients must use the funds to serve households that meet the income limits as provided in section 462A.33, subdivision 5.

Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2022, section 469.012, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 14. **Assistance to preserve naturally occurring affordable housing.** An authority may provide financial assistance of any kind, including but not limited to grants, loans, forgivable loans, payment of interest, interest rate reduction, issuance of bonds and the spending of the proceeds of the bonds, to assist with the capital repair or replacement of an asset or category of assets with a regular life span in excess of 25 years and with a project cost in excess of $5,000,000, where: (1) the capital repair project is in a multi-family housing building, whether owner-occupied or rental; (2) at least 25 percent of the units were sold or are rented to households meeting low-income requirements set by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development; and (3) more than 25 years has elapsed since the asset or category of assets has been repaired or replaced. In the case of a common interest community, the assistance authorized herein may be provided whether or not the assets being repaired or replaced are owned by the individual unit owners or by the common interest community of which the individual unit owners are part of the membership, and may be provided to the common interest community or to individual unit owners, or both.

Sec. 22. Laws 2023, chapter 37, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Challenge Program**	60,425,000	60,425,000

(a) This appropriation is for the economic development and housing challenge program under Minnesota Statutes, sections 462A.33 and 462A.07, subdivision 14.

(b) Of this amount, $6,425,000 each year shall be made available during the first 11 months of the fiscal year exclusively for housing projects for American Indians. Any funds not committed to housing projects for American Indians within the annual consolidated request for funding processes may be available for any eligible activity under Minnesota Statutes, sections 462A.33 and 462A.07, subdivision 14.

(c) Of the amount in the first year, $5,000,000 is for a grant to Urban Homeworks to expand initiatives pertaining to deeply affordable homeownership in Minneapolis neighborhoods with over 40 percent of residents identifying as Black, Indigenous, or People of Color and at least 40 percent of residents making less than 50 percent of the area median income. The grant is to be used for acquisition, rehabilitation, gap financing as defined in section 462A.33, subdivision 1, and construction of homes to be sold to households with incomes ~~of 50 to~~ at or below 60 percent of the area median income. This is a onetime appropriation~~, and is available until June 30, 2027~~. By December 15 each year ~~until 2027~~, Urban Homeworks must submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over housing finance and policy. The report must include the amount used for (1) acquisition, (2) rehabilitation, and (3) construction of housing units, along with the number of housing units acquired, rehabilitated, or constructed, and the amount of the appropriation that has been spent. If any home was sold or transferred within the year covered by the report, Urban Homeworks must include the price at which the home was sold, as well as how much was spent to complete the project before sale.

(d) Of the amount in the first year, $2,000,000 is for a grant to Rondo Community Land Trust. This is a onetime appropriation.

(e) The base for this program in fiscal year 2026 and beyond is $12,925,000.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 23. Laws 2023, chapter 37, article 1, section 2, subdivision 32, is amended to read:

Subd. 32. **Northland Foundation**	1,000,000	-0-

This appropriation is for a grant to Northland Foundation for use on expenditures authorized under Minnesota Statutes, section 462C.16, subdivision 3, to assist and support communities in providing housing locally, and ~~on~~ for assisting local governments to establish local or regional housing trust funds. Northland Foundation may award grants and loans to other entities to expend on authorized expenditures under this section. This appropriation is onetime and available until June 30, 2025.

Sec. 24. Laws 2023, chapter 37, article 2, section 12, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Eligible homebuyer.** For the purposes of this section, an "eligible homebuyer" means an individual:

(1) whose income is at or below 130 percent of area median income;

~~(2) who resides in a census tract where at least 60 percent of occupied housing units are renter-occupied, based on the most recent estimates or experimental estimates provided by the American Community Survey of the United States Census Bureau;~~

~~(3)~~ (2) who is financing the purchase of an eligible property with an interest-free, fee-based mortgage; and

~~(4)~~ (3) who is a first-time homebuyer as defined by Code of Federal Regulations, title 24, section 92.2.

Sec. 25. **HOUSING AFFORDABILITY PRESERVATION INVESTMENT.**

Subdivision 1. **Establishment.** The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must establish and administer a grant program to support recapitalization of distressed buildings.

Subd. 2. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section:

(1) "distressed building" means an existing rental housing building in which the units are restricted to households at or below 60 percent of the area median income, and:

(i) is in foreclosure proceedings;

(ii) has two or more years of negative net operating income;

(iii) has two or more years with a debt service coverage ratio of less than one; or

(iv) has necessary costs of repair, replacement, or maintenance that exceed the project reserves available for those purposes; and

(2) "recapitalization" means financing for the physical and financial needs of a distressed building, including restructuring and forgiveness of amortizing and deferred debt, principal and interest paydown, interest rate write-down, deferral of debt payments, mortgage payment forbearance, deferred maintenance, security services, property insurance, capital improvements, funding of reserves for supportive services, and property operations.

Subd. 3. **Grant program.** The commissioner must use a request for proposal process to consider funding requests and award grants to finance recapitalization of distressed buildings. In awarding grants, the commissioner must give priority to distressed buildings most at risk of losing affordable housing, to the extent practicable.

Subd. 4. **Report.** By February 1, 2025, and November 30, 2025, the commissioner shall submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over housing and homelessness. The report must detail the number of applications received, the amount of funding requested, the grants awarded, and the number of affordable housing units preserved through awards under this section.

Sec. 26. **REPORT ON RENTAL HOUSING PROGRAMS.**

The commissioner of the housing finance agency must review the financial impacts of the low-income rental property tax classification in Minnesota Statutes, section 273.128, and the low-income housing tax credit program under section 42 of the Internal Revenue Code, including the extent of rent increases and housing related expenses. By December 15, 2024, the commissioner must report on the findings and recommendations for legislative changes to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over human services, housing finance, and taxes. The commissioner must use existing financial resources for this review and report.

Sec. 27. **SINGLE-EXIT STAIRWAY APARTMENT BUILDING REPORT.**

The commissioner of labor and industry must evaluate conditions under which single-exit stairway apartment buildings above three stories up to 75 feet, would achieve life safety outcomes equal to or superior to currently adopted codes, including those for multifamily buildings with very large footprints and single-family houses. The commissioner must use research techniques that include smoke modeling, egress modeling, an analysis of fire loss history in jurisdictions that have already adopted similar provisions, and interviews with fire services regarding fire suppression and rescue techniques in such buildings. The commissioner shall consult with relevant stakeholders, including but not limited to the Minnesota Fire Chiefs Association, Minnesota Professional Firefighters Association, Association of Minnesota Building Officials, Housing First Minnesota, Center for Building in North America, and faculty from the relevant department of a university which grants degrees in fire protection engineering. The commissioner may contract with external experts or an independent third party to develop the report and perform other functions required of the commissioner under this section. By December 31, 2025, the commissioner must report on the findings to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over housing and state building codes.

ARTICLE 3
EXPEDITING RENTAL ASSISTANCE

Section 1. **[462A.2096] ANNUAL PROJECTION OF EMERGENCY RENTAL ASSISTANCE NEEDS.**

The agency must develop a projection of emergency rental assistance needs in consultation with the commissioner of human services and representatives from county and Tribal housing administrators and housing nonprofit agencies. The projection must identify the amount of funding required to meet all emergency rental assistance needs, including the family homelessness prevention and assistance program, the emergency assistance program, and emergency general assistance. By January 15 each year, the commissioner must submit a report on the projected need for emergency rental assistance to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over housing and human services finance and policy.

Sec. 2. **DATA COLLECTION TO MEASURE TIMELINESS OF RENTAL ASSISTANCE.**

The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must work with the commissioner of human services to develop criteria for measuring the timeliness of processing applications for rental assistance. The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must collect data to monitor application speeds of the family homelessness prevention and assistance program and use the collected data to inform improvements to application processing systems. By January 15, 2027, the commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency must submit a report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees having jurisdiction over housing finance and policy. The report must include analysis of the data collected and whether goals have been met to (1) process an emergency rental assistance application within two weeks of the receipt of a complete application, and (2) if approved, make payment to a landlord within 30 days of the receipt of a complete application.

Sec. 3. **E-SIGNATURE OPTIONS FOR RENTAL ASSISTANCE.**

The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, working with the commissioner of human services shall develop uniform e-signature options to be used in applications for the family homelessness prevention and assistance program. No later than June 30, 2026, the commissioner shall require administrators of the family homelessness prevention and assistance program to incorporate and implement the developed e-signature options. The commissioner must notify the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over housing of the date when the e-signature options are implemented.

Sec. 4. **VERIFICATION PROCEDURES FOR RENTAL ASSISTANCE.**

(a) The commissioner of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency, working with program administrators, must develop recommendations to simplify the process of verifying information in applications for the family homelessness prevention and assistance program. In developing recommendations, the commissioner must consider:

(1) allowing self-attestation of emergencies, assets, and income;

(2) allowing verbal authorization by applicants to allow emergency rental assistance administrators to communicate with landlords and utility providers regarding applications for assistance; and

(3) allowing landlords to apply for emergency rental assistance on tenants' behalf.

(b) The commissioner must:

(1) prepare recommendations by January 1, 2025;

(2) adopt any recommendations by July 1, 2025; and

(3) provide technical assistance to counties, Tribes, and other emergency rental assistance administrators to implement these recommendations.

(c) By January 13, 2025, the commissioner must report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over housing detailing the proposed recommendations required by this section. By July 7, 2025, the commissioner must report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the legislative committees with jurisdiction over housing detailing the recommendations adopted as required by this section."